

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene

Section 1. Identification

- GHS product identifier** : Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene
- Other means of identification** : Not available.
- Product use** : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
- SDS #** : 018738
- Supplier's details** : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates
259 North Radnor-Chester Road
Suite 100
Radnor, PA 19087-5283
1-610-687-5253
- 24-hour telephone** : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

- OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
- Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Extremely flammable gas.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May form explosive mixtures in Air.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.
- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : Not applicable.
- Product code** : 018738

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethylene	1 - 99	74-85-1
ethane	0.0001 - 99	74-84-0
propylene	0.0001 - 99	115-07-1
methane	0.0001 - 99	74-82-8
Propane	0.0001 - 99	74-98-6
Helium	0.0001 - 50	7440-59-7
1-Butene	0.0001 - 10	106-98-9
1,2-propadiene	0.0001 - 0.9999	463-49-0
Trans-2-Butene	0.0001 - 0.9999	624-64-6
N-Butane	0.0001 - 0.9999	106-97-8
Isobutylene	0.0001 - 0.9999	115-11-7
isobutane	0.0001 - 0.9999	75-28-5
Cis-2-Butene	0.0001 - 0.9999	590-18-1
methyl acetylene	0.00001 - 0.9999	74-99-7
acetylene	0.0001 - 0.9999	74-86-2
n-pentane	0.0001 - 0.5	109-66-0
isopentane	0.0001 - 0.5	78-78-4
1,3-butadiene	0.1 - 0.5	106-99-0
n-hexane	0.0001 - 0.05	110-54-3
cyclopentane	0.0001 - 0.05	287-92-3
cyclohexane	0.0001 - 0.05	110-82-7
3-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	760-20-3
2-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	763-29-1
1-Hexene	0.0001 - 0.05	592-41-6
cyclopropane	0.0001 - 0.05	75-19-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting

Section 7. Handling and storage

and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ethylene

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours.

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.

TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.

TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

ethane

propylene

methane

Propane

Helium

1-Butene

1,2-propadiene

Trans-2-Butene

N-Butane

Isobutylene

isobutane

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Cis-2-Butene	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
methyl acetylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1650 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1650 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1650 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
acetylene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 2662 mg/m ³ CEIL: 2500 ppm
n-pentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 2950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
isopentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
1,3-butadiene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 4.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
n-hexane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
cyclopentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 1720 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1720 mg/m ³ 10 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

cyclohexane

TWA: 600 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1720 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 10 hours.

TWA: 300 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

None.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

None.

3-methylpent-1-ene

2-methylpent-1-ene

1-Hexene

cyclopropane

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Gas.
Color : Not available.
Melting/freezing point : -169.15°C (-272.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylene. Weighted average: -191.42°C (-312.6°F)
Critical temperature : Lowest known value: -267.9°C (-450.2°F) (helium).
Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Flash point : Not available.
Burning time : Not applicable.
Burning rate : Not applicable.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.
Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Highest known value: 1.93 (Air = 1) (1-butene). Weighted average: 1.07 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft³) : Weighted average: 0.05
Relative density : Not applicable.
Solubility : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
SADT : Not available.
Viscosity : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizers

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Isobutylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	550000 mg/m ³	4 hours
isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
n-pentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	364 g/m ³	4 hours
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours
1,3-butadiene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	128000 ppm	4 hours
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	96000 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
cyclopentane	LD50 Oral	Rat	11400 mg/kg	-
cyclohexane	LD50 Oral	Rat	6240 mg/kg	-
2-methylpent-1-ene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	93000 mg/m ³	4 hours
1-Hexene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	32000 ppm	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
propylene	-	3	-
ethylene	-	3	-
1,3-butadiene	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
cyclopropane	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
n-pentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
isopentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
n-hexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
cyclohexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
cyclopropane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
cyclohexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : May cause genetic defects.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-hexane	Acute LC50 113000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
cyclohexane	Acute LC50 8300 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
propylene	1.77	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
Propane	1.09	-	low
Helium	0.28	-	low
1-Butene	2.4	-	low
1,2-propadiene	1.45	-	low
Trans-2-Butene	2.31	-	low
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
Isobutylene	2.34	-	low
isobutane	2.8	-	low
Cis-2-Butene	2.33	-	low
methyl acetylene	0.94	-	low
acetylene	0.37	-	low
n-pentane	3.45	171	low
isopentane	3	171	low
1,3-butadiene	1.99	10	low
n-hexane	4	501.187	high
cyclopentane	3	70.8	low
cyclohexane	3.44	167	low
1-Hexene	3.87	2.59	low
cyclopropane	1.72	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.






Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 2000 lbs / 908 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	-	-	-

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user’s premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane; cyclopentane
 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: cyclohexane
 Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: ethylene; ethane; propylene; methane; 1-butene; propane

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
 Sudden release of pressure
 Immediate (acute) health hazard
 Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethylene	1 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
propylene	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
methane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Propane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Helium	0.0001 - 50	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
1-Butene	0.0001 - 10	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
1,2-propadiene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Trans-2-Butene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
N-Butane	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Isobutylene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
isobutane	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Cis-2-Butene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
methyl acetylene	0.00001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
acetylene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
n-pentane	0.0001 - 0.5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
isopentane	0.0001 - 0.5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
1,3-butadiene	0.1 - 0.5	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
n-hexane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
cyclopentane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
cyclohexane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
3-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
2-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene

Section 15. Regulatory information

1-Hexene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
cyclopropane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 99
	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 99
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	0.1 - 0.5
Supplier notification	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 99
	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 99
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	0.1 - 0.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: HELIUM; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; ETHANE; PROPYLENE; PROPENE; METHANE; MARSH GAS; 1-BUTENE; PROPANE

New York

: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: HELIUM; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; ETHANE; PROPYLENE; 1-PROPENE; METHANE; 1-BUTENE; PROPANE; 1,3-BUTADIENE; BIETHYLENE

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: HELIUM; ETHENE; ETHANE; 1-PROPENE; METHANE; 1-BUTENE; PROPANE; 1,3-BUTADIENE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,3-butadiene	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia

: Not determined.

Canada

: Not determined.

China

: Not determined.

Europe

: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan

: Not determined.

Malaysia

: Not determined.

New Zealand

: Not determined.

Philippines

: Not determined.

Republic of Korea

: All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan

: Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene

Section 15. Regulatory information

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Methane; 1,3-Butadiene

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Ethylene; Volatile organic compounds; Propylene; Volatile organic compounds; Butene (all isomers); Propane

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	1
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		3

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Gas 1, H220	On basis of test data
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	On basis of test data
Muta. 1B, H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

History

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Version : 1

Flammable Gas Mixture: 1-Butene / 1-Hexene / 1,3-Butadiene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 3-Methyl-1-Pentene / Acetylene / Cis-2-Butene / Cyclohexane / Cyclopentane / Cyclopropane / Ethane / Ethylene / Helium / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Isopentane / Methane / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Propadiene / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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