SAFETY DATA SHEET



Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane / Acetone / Carbon Dioxide / Ehanol / Ethyl Acetate / Isopropyl Alcohol / N-Butane / N-Heptane / Nitrogen / Toluene

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane / Acetone / Carbon Dioxide / Ehanol /

Ethyl Acetate / Isopropyl Alcohol / N-Butane / N-Heptane / Nitrogen / Toluene

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Gas.

Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS # : 024260

Supplier's details : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

identification Product code

: 024260

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Nitrogen	97.211 - 99.999	7727-37-9
Carbon Dioxide	0.0001 - 1.99	124-38-9
1,1,1-trichloroethane	0.0001 - 0.0999	71-55-6
acetone	0.0001 - 0.0999	67-64-1
ethanol	0.0001 - 0.0999	64-17-5
ethyl acetate	0.0001 - 0.0999	141-78-6
Isopropyl alcohol	0.0001 - 0.0999	67-63-0
N-Butane	0.0001 - 0.0999	106-97-8
heptane	0.0001 - 0.0999	142-82-5
toluene	0.0001 - 0.0999	108-88-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contactContact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.FrostbiteTry to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid breathing gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Nitrogen	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1,1,1-trichloroethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). STEL: 2460 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 450 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1910 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 350 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 450 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 2450 mg/m3 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1440 mg/m³ 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.

acetone

ethanol

ethyl acetate

Isopropyl alcohol

N-Butane

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 2000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.

CEIL: 300 ppm

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

heptane

toluene

Environmental exposure controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Gas.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : -210.01°C (-346°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: nitrogen.

Boiling point : Not available.

Critical temperature : Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).

Flash point : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 1.5 (Air = 1) (Carbon Dioxide). Weighted average: 0.98 (Air = 1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.07

Relative density : Not applicable.

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not applicable.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,1,1-trichloroethane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	36000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	17000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9600 mg/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	59528 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	45248 ppm	1 hours
, , , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	50242 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	28830 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,1,1-trichloroethane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	288 hours 5 Grams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	20 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	01: 14:11: 11	D 11.11		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
tal	Figure Ball d South and	D-b-1		milligrams	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100	
	Fire Mild initerat	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
	Even Sovere irritant	Rabbit		Micrograms 24 hours 2	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig		milligrams 24 hours 250	
	Skiii - iviiid iiritarit	Fig	-	microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		435	_
	OKIII - IVIIIG IITIGITE	Ιαρρίι		milligrams	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
	Okin Woderate iintant	Tabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	500	_
	Citir Woodcrate iiritarit	, abbit		milligrams	
				g. airio	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1,1,1-trichloroethane	-	3	-
ethanol	-	1	-
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-
toluene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol heptane	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,1,1-trichloroethane	Acute EC50 0.536 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 56.6 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.213 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
toluene	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
Carbon Dioxide	0.83	-	low
1,1,1-trichloroethane	2.49	9	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
heptane	4.66	552	high
toluene	2.73	90	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen,N- Heptane)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

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Section 14. Transport information

TDG Classification

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125

Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of MARPOL and

: Not available.

the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: heptane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 1,1,1-trichloroethane; toluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: toluene

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; NITROGEN; NITROGEN

(LIQUIFIED)

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS;

NITROGEN

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; NITROGEN

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Toluene	-	Yes.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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